

Module Handbook

Watershed Management

REG



By:

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**Master of Forest Science Program
Faculty of Forestry
UNIVERSITAS GADJAH MADA
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SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

A. Identitas Matakuliah / Course Detail

1. Nama Matakuliah : Watershed Management
2. Kode/SKS/Sifat/Code : KTK 610/2/Pilihan (Elective)
/Credits/Status
3. Prasyarat/Prerequisite : -
4. Deskripsi Singkat/Short Description : Mengkaji tentang: Ruang lingkup Daerah Aliran Sungai (DAS), Sistem kerja DAS, Pendekatan dalam pengelolaan DAS, Teknik-teknik pengelolaan air dan pengelolaan tanah di dalam DAS, serta Contoh kasus dalam pengelolaan DAS. Mahasiswa diharapkan memiliki pengetahuan tentang Daerah Aliran Sungai mulai dari konsep Batasan DAS yang didasari pada pemahaman lingkungan sebagai paradigma pembangunan, sumber-sumber pencemaran di DAS, proses-proses yang bekerja di dalam system DAS, dampak yang ditimbulkan, analisisnya, pengelolaan dari dampak, mitigasi dampak yang dapat dilakukan, hingga pengelolaan yang dapat dilakukan untuk melestarikan DAS dari awal agar tidak terjadi kerusakan lingkungan

Reviewing: Scope of watershed, watershed work system, approach to watershed management, techniques of water management and soil management in watersheds, as well as examples of cases in watershed management. Students are expected to have knowledge of watersheds starting from the concept of watershed boundaries based on an understanding of the environment as a development paradigm, sources of pollution in watersheds, processes that work within the watershed system, impacts, their analysis, management of impacts, mitigation the impact that can be done, to the management that can be done to preserve the watershed from the beginning so that environmental damage does not occur.
5. Tujuan Pembelajaran/
Learning Objective : Mampu menjelaskan DAS sebagai suatu kesatuan eksosistem dan hidrologi serta ruang lingkup kajian pengelolaannya. Mampu menunjukkan batas wilayah suatu DAS dan perhitungan empiris terkait DAS dengan metode yang tepat. Mampu memahami jenis-jenis permasalahan pada skala DAS dan strategi pengelolaannya dan mampu mengidentifikasi permasalahan pada skala DAS dan melakukan analisis penyelesaian permasalahan. Mengidentifikasi permasalahan terkini dalam suatu DAS dan melakukan analisis penyelesaian permasalahan dalam pemahaman lingkungan sebagai paradigma pembangunan dan mampu menentukan strategi pengelolaan DAS secara berkelanjutan dalam rangka menjaga fungsi ekologi dan fungsi ekonomi DAS sebagai paradigma pembangunan.

Students are able to explain watershed as an ecosystem and hydrology unit as well as the scope of management studies. Students are able to show the boundaries of a watershed and empirical calculations related to watersheds with the right method. Students are able to understand the types of problems at the watershed scale and their management strategies and able to identify problems at the watershed scale and perform problem-solving analysis. Students are able to identify problems in a watershed and analyzing problem-solving in the environment as a development paradigm and

- able to determine a sustainable watershed management strategy in order to maintain the ecological and economic functions of the watershed as a development paradigm
6. Dosen Pengampu : AMBAR KUSUMANDARI, HATMA SURYATMODJO
Matakuliah/Lecturers
7. Capaian Pembelajaran :
Matakuliah/Course
Learning Outcome
(CPMK/CLO)

| Kode / Code | Deskripsi / Description | PLO/SO/ELO/CPL/LG |
|----------------|---|-------------------|
| CPMK3 | Mahasiswa mampu mengidentifikasi permasalahan pada skalaDAS dan melakukan analisis penyelesaian permasalahan. Students are able to understand the types of problems at the watershed scale and their management strategies and able to identify problems at the watershed scale and perform problem solving analysis. | PLO1,PLO 4 |
| CPMK4 | Mahasiswa mampu menentukan strategi pengelolaan DAS secara berkelanjutan dalam rangka menjaga fungsi ekologi danfungsi ekonomi DAS sebagai paradigma pembangunan Students are able to Identifying problems in a watershed and analyzing problem solving in the environment as a development paradigm and able to determine a sustainable watershed management strategy in order to maintain the ecological and economic functions of the watershed as a development paradigm | PLO1,PLO 6 |

PLO / PI Detail

| | | |
|-------|--|---|
| PLO1 | Values and Principles | possess a set of universal and fundamental values and principles: universal ethics, patriotism and world peace, social and environmental sensitivity, pluralism and fair play, and rule of law. |
| PLO 5 | Knowledge (Analyse Comprehensively in the Specific Fields) | <i>Able to analyze comprehensively updated issues in the specific fields of silviculture, forest management, forest products technology or forest resource conservation, and to recommend possible solutions based on defined problems.</i> |
| PLO 3 | Knowledge (Theory, Philosophy, and Natural Resources) | <i>Able to compare and criticize the theory, philosophy, and design of sustainable development of forest and natural resources, considering the complexity of global issues.</i> |
| PLO 4 | Knowledge (Criticise science, Knowledge, Technology and Art of Forestry) | Able to connect and criticise science, knowledge, technology and art of forestry based on ecosystem and landscape, covering silviculture, forest management, forest products technology and natural resource conservation. |
| PLO 6 | SKill (Logic, Critical, Innovative Thinking) | <i>Able to apply logical, critical, systematic and innovative thinking skills by utilizing information technology to produce solutions in form of scientific documents individually as well as in a team.</i> |

B. Topik Perkuliahan / Course

| <i>Materials Bahasan / Main Discussion</i> | <i>Estimasi Waktu / Estimated Times (Hour)</i> | <i>Kompetensi (Course Learning Outcomes)</i> |
|---|--|--|
| Pendahuluan dan Konsep DAS Watershed Introduction and Concept | 2 | CPMK 1 |
| Pemahaman tentang batas DAS. Watershed boundaries. | 2 | CPMK 2 |
| Pembahasan morfometri DAS Watershed morphometry. | 2 | CPMK 2 |
| Dasar-dasar pengelolaan DAS Basics of watershed management | 2 | CPMK 3 |
| Pembangunan Berkelanjutan Berbasis Ekosistem DAS Sustainable Development Based on Watershed Ecosystems | 2 | CPMK 4 |
| Pertumbuhan Ekonomi sebagai Tolak Ukur Pembangunan Berkelanjutan Economic Growth as a Benchmark for Sustainable Development | 2 | CPMK 4 |
| Permasalahan Lingkungan terkait DAS Environmental problems related to watershed | 4 | CPMK 3 |
| Strategi Teknis Pengelolaan Management Technical Strategy | 2 | CPMK 4 |
| Pembagian Zonasi DAS Watershed Zoning Division | 2 | CPMK 2 |

C. Rencana Asesmen / Assessment Plan

| CO/CPMK | Tipe / Type | Deskripsi / Description | Persentase / Percentage | PLO/SO/ELO/CPL/LG |
|----------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| CPMK1 | UTS/ MIDTERM EXAM | Soal/Questions | 10 | PLO 5 |
| CPMK1 | TUGAS/ ASSIGNMENT | Tugas/Assignment | 5 | PLO 5 |
| CPMK2 | UTS/ MIDTERM EXAM | Soal/Questions | 10 | PLO 3 |
| CPMK2 | TUGAS/ ASSIGNMENT | Tugas/Assignment | 5 | PLO 3 |
| CPMK3 | UAS/ FINAL EXAM | Soal/Questions | 15 | PLO 4 |
| CPMK3 | DISKUSI/ DISCUSSION | Paper | 20 | PLO 4 |
| CPMK4 | UAS/ FINAL EXAM | Soal/Questions | 15 | PLO 6 |
| CPMK4 | DISKUSI/ DISCUSSION | Paper | 20 | PLO 6 |

D. Referensi / References

1. Arsyad, S., Amien, I., Sheng, T., and moldnhauer, W. (ed), 1992. Conservation policies forsustainable hillslope farming. Soil and Water Conservation Society,Ankey, Lowa, USA
2. Banskota, M. and Sharma, P (ed)., 1993. Development of poor mountain areas.ICIMOD (International Center for Integrated Mountain Development).Kathmandu, Nepal.
3. Fao,1986. Strategies, approaches, and systems in integrated watershed management. FAOConversation Guide 14, Rome.
4. ___, 1986. Guidelines for watershed management. Forest Resources Division, FAO ForestryDepartment, Rome.
5. ___, 1986. FAO watershed management field manual: Vegetative and Soil treatment measures.Conservation Guide 13, Rome.
6. ___, 1986. Guidelines for economic appraisal of watershed management projects. FAO Conservation Guide 6, Rome.Panduan PSIK S2 46
7. ___, 1986. Incentives for community involvement in conservation programs. FAO ConservationGuide 12, Rome.
8. ICIMOD (International Center for Integrated Mountain Development, 1993. Mountain Environment and Development.
9. Lal, R. and Russell, E.W (ed), 1981. Tropical Agricultural Hydrology. watershed management andLand Use. John Wiley & Sons.
10. Asdak, C. 2010. Hidrologidan Pengelolaan Daerah Aliran Sungai. Yogyakarta: Gadjah Mada University Press.

E. Rencana Kegiatan Pembelajaran Mingguan (RKPM) / Weekly Teaching Plan

| Pertemuan /Week | Tujuan Ajar / Learning Objective | Topik / Topic | Media Ajar / Teaching Media | Metode Assesment / Assesment Method | Metode Ajar / Teaching Method | Aktivitas Mahasiswa / Student Activity | AktivitasDosen / LecturerActivity | Sumber Ajar / Learning Resources |
|-----------------|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|----------------------------------|
| 1. | Mahasiswa mampu memahami DAS sebagai kesatuan ekosistem sebagai bentanglahan dan sebagai sistem hidrologi. Students are able to understand watersheds as a unified ecosystem as a landscape and as a hydrological system. | Pendahuluan dan KonsepDAS. Watershed Introduction andConcept | Cisco Webex Zoom Google Meet Eloq Google Classroom | UTS Mid-term | Kelompok diskusi, kuliah, demonstrasi. Discussion group, lecture, demonstration | Membaca paper dan jurnal, diskusi, menyiapkan PPT. Reading paper and journal, discussion, preparing PPT | Mengajar, mempersiapkan referensi. Lecturer, preparing reference | |

| Pertemuan /Week | Tujuan Ajar / Learning Objective | Topik / Topic | Media Ajar / Teaching Media | Metode Assesment / Assesment Method | Metode Ajar / Teaching Method | Aktivitas Mahasiswa / Student Activity | AktivitasDosen / LecturerActivity | Sumber Ajar / Learning Resources |
|-----------------|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|----------------------------------|
| 2. | Mahasiswa mampu menganalisa dan menetapkan batas DAS dan sub-DAS Students are able to analyze and determine the boundaries of watersheds and sub-watersheds. | Penentuan Batas DAS dansub-DAS. Determination of watershed and sub-watershed boundaries. | Cisco Webex Zoom GoogleMeet Elok Google Classroom | UTS Tugas Individu: mendefinisikan batas DAS dan Sub-DAS. Mid-term Individual Assignment: defining watershed and sub-watershed boundaries. | Kelompok diskusi, kuliah, demonstrasi. Discussion group, lecture, demonstration, | Membaca paper dan jurnal, diskusi, menyiapkan PPT. Reading paper and journal, discussion, preparing PPT | Mengajar, mempersiapkan referensi. Lecturer, preparing reference | |
| 3. | Mahasiswa mampu menganalisa dan menetapkan batas dan bentuk DAS dansub-DAS dengan metode morfometri dan orde sungai. Students are able to analyze and determine the boundaries and shapes of watersheds and sub-watersheds using morphometric methods and river orders. | Morfometri DAS dan Orde Sungai. Watershed Morphometry and River Order. | Cisco Webex Zoom Google Meet Elok Google Classroom | UTS Tugas Individu: menentukan bentuk DAS berdasarkan morfometri. Mid-term Individual Assignment: determining the shape of the watershed based on morphometry. | Kelompok diskusi, kuliah, demonstrasi. Discussion group, lecture, demonstration, | Membaca paper dan jurnal, diskusi, menyiapkan PPT. Reading paper and journal, discussion, preparing PPT | Mengajar, mempersiapkan referensi. Lecturer, preparing reference | |
| 4. | Mahasiswa mampu memahami kerangka dasar pengelolaan DAS dalam pemahaman lingkungan sebagai paradigm pembangunan. Students are able to understand the basic framework of watershed management in understanding the environment as a development paradigm. | Dasar-dasar Pengelolaan DAS. Fundamentals of Watershed Management. | Cisco Webex Zoom GoogleMeet Elok Google Classroom | UTS Tugas Individual: mengulas kondisi dari DAS. Mid-term Individual Assignment: review the condition of a watershed. | Kelompok diskusi, kuliah, demonstrasi. Discussion group, lecture, demonstration, | Membaca paper dan jurnal, diskusi, menyiapkan PPT. Reading paper and journal, discussion, preparing PPT | Mengajar, mempersiapkan referensi. Lecturer, preparing reference | |
| 5. | Mahasiswa mampu menjelaskan konsep pembangunan berkelanjutan suatu DAS dengan dasar pemahaman kesatuan ekosistem. Students are able to explain the concept of sustainable development of a watershed based on an understanding of ecosystem unity. | Pembangunan Berkelanjutan berbasis Ekosistem DAS. Watershed Ecosystem-based Sustainable Development | Cisco Webex Zoom GoogleMeet Elok Google Classroom | UTS Mid-term | Kelompok diskusi, kuliah, demonstrasi. Discussion group, lecture, demonstration, | Membaca paper dan jurnal, diskusi, menyiapkan PPT. Reading paper and journal, discussion, preparing PPT | Mengajar, mempersiapkan referensi. Lecturer, preparing reference | |

| Pertemuan /Week | Tujuan Ajar / Learning Objective | Topik / Topic | Media Ajar / Teaching Media | Metode Assesment / Assesment Method | Metode Ajar / Teaching Method | Aktivitas Mahasiswa / Student Activity | AktivitasDosen / LecturerActivity | Sumber Ajar / Learning Resources |
|-----------------|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|----------------------------------|
| 6. | Mahasiswa mampu menjelaskan konsep pertumbuhan ekonomi dalam paradigma pembangunan berkelanjutan. Students are able to explainthe concept of economic growth in the paradigm of sustainable development. | Pertumbuhan Ekonomi sebagai Tolak Ukur Pembangunan Berkelanjutan. Economic Growth as a Benchmark of Sustainable Development. | Cisco Webex Zoom GoogleMeet Elok Google Classroom | UAS The finalexams. | Kelompok diskusi, kuliah, demonstrasi. Discussion group, lecture, demonstration, | Membaca paper dan jurnal, diskusi, menyiapkan PPT. Reading paper and journal, discussion, preparing PPT | Mengajar, mempersiapkan referensi. Lecturer, preparing reference | |
| 7. | Mahasiswa mampu memahami dan setiap permasalahan yang timbul dalam lingkup DAS. Students are able to understand and any problems that arise withinthe watershed. | Permasalahan Lingkungan terkait DAS: - Erosi - Longsor - Sedimentasi - Pencemaran - Banjir bandang - Genangan Watershed-related Environmental Issues: - Erosion - Avalanche - Sedimentation - Pollution - Flash floods - Puddle | Cisco Webex Zoom Google Meet Elok Google Classroom | UAS Tugas Kelompok The final Group Assignment. | Kelompok diskusi, kuliah, demonstrasi. Discussion group, lecture, demonstration, | Membaca paper dan jurnal, diskusi, menyiapkan PPT. Reading paper and journal, discussion, preparing PPT | Mengajar, mempersiapkan referensi. Lecturer, preparing reference | |
| 8 | Mahasiswa mampu memahami dan setiap permasalahan yang timbul dalam lingkup DAS. Students are able to understand and any problems that arise within the watershed. | Permasalahan Lingkunganterkait DAS: - Erosi - Longsor - Sedimentasi - Pencemaran - Banjir bandang - Genangan Watershed-related Environmental Issues: - Erosion - Avalanche - Sedimentation - Pollution - Flash floods - Puddle | Cisco Webex Zoom GoogleMeet Elok Google Classroom | UAS Tugas kelompok The final exams Group Assignment | Kelompok diskusi, kuliah, demonstrasi. Discussion group, lecture, demonstration | Membaca paper dan jurnal, diskusi, menyiapkan PPT Reading paper and journal, discussion, preparing PPT | Mengajar, mempersiapkan referensi. Lecturer, preparing reference | |
| 9 | Mahasiswa mampu menganalisa strategi pengelolaan DAS dalam pemahaman lingkungan sebagai paradigma pembangunan. Students are able to analyze watershed management strategies in understanding the environment asa development paradigm. | Strategi Pengelolaan -Teknis pelaksanaan Operasionalisasi pengelolaan Management Strategy- Technical implementation Operationalization of management | Cisco Webex Zoom GoogleMeet Elok Google Classroom | UAS The finalexams | Kelompok diskusi, kuliah, demonstrasi. Discussion group, lecture, demonstration, | Membaca paper dan jurnal, diskusi, menyiapkan PPT. Reading paper and journal, discussion, preparing PPT | Mengajar, mempersiapkan referensi. Lecturer, preparing reference | |

| Pertemuan /Week | Tujuan Ajar / Learning Objective | Topik / Topic | Media Ajar / Teaching Media | Metode Assesment / Assesment Method | Metode Ajar / Teaching Method | Aktivitas Mahasiswa / Student Activity | AktivitasDosen / LecturerActivity | Sumber Ajar / Learning Resources |
|-----------------|---|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|----------------------------------|
| 10. | Mahasiswa mampu menunjukkan pembagian zona suatu DAS. Students are able to show the zoning of a watershed. | Pembagian zonasi Hulu-Tengah Hilir Sub zonasi sisa erosi danddepositi. Zoning division Upstream-Middle-Downstream Sub-zoning of erosion anddeposition residues. | Cisco Webex Zoom Google Meet Elok Google Classroom | UAS The finalexams | Kelompok diskusi, kuliah, demonstrasi. Discussion group, lecture, demonstration, | Membaca paper dan jurnal, diskusi, menyiapkan PPT. Reading paper and journal, discussion, preparing PPT | Mengajar, mempersiapkan referensi. Lecturer, preparing reference | |